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Attorney Docket No.: CSCO-71519.US.P

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Patent Application

I hereby certify that this transmittal of the below described documents is being deposited with the United States Postal Service in an envelope bearing Express Mail Postage and an Express Mail label, with the below serial number, addressed to the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C., 20231, on the below date of deposit.

Express Mail Label No.:	EL709925775US	Name of Person Making the Deposit:	ANTHONY CHOU
Date of Deposit:	11/27/00	Signature of the Person Making the Deposit:	<i>Anthony Chou</i>

Inventor(s): Gregory Zoller and Samir Mehta

Title: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ALLOWING A PERL APPLICATION TO COMMUNICATE WITH A DISTRIBUTED OBJECT VIA CORBA

The Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmittal of a Patent Application
(Under 37 CFR §1.53)

Transmitted herewith is the above identified patent application, including:

- Specification, claims, abstract and Appendix A, totaling 26 pages.
 Formal drawings, totaling pages.
 Informal drawings, totaling 6 pages.
 Declaration and Power of Attorney.
Information Disclosure statement.
Form 1449
 Assignment(s)
 Assignment Recordation Form (duplicate)
Preliminary Amendment

FEES DUE

The fees due for filing the specification pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 and for recording of the Assignment, if any, are determined as follows:

CLAIMS					
	NO. OF CLAIMS		EXTRA CLAIMS	RATE	FEES
Basic Application Fee					\$710.00
Total Claims	23	Minus 20=	3	X \$18 =	\$54.00
Independent Claims	3	Minus 3=	0	X \$80=	\$0.00
If multiple dependent claims are presented, add \$260.00					\$0.00
Add Assignment Recording Fee of \$40.00 If Assignment document is enclosed					\$40.00
TOTAL APPLICATION FEE DUE					\$804.00

PAYMENT OF FEES

The full fee due in connection with this communication is provided as follows:

1. Not enclosed

[] No filing fee is to be paid at this time.

2. Enclosed

[X] Filing fee

[X] Recording assignment

[] Petition fee for filing by other than all the inventors or person on behalf of the inventor where inventor refused to sign or cannot be reached

[] For processing an application with specification in a non-English language

[] Processing and retention fee

[] Fee for international-type search report

[X] The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees associated with this communication or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No.: 23-0085. A duplicate copy of this authorization is enclosed.

[X] A check in the amount of \$804.00

[] Charge any fees required or credit any overpayments associated with this filing to Deposit Account No.: 23-0085.

This application is filed pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.53 in the name of the above-identified Inventor(s).

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[X] This transmittal ends with this page.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: 11/27/2000

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Ronald M. Pomerenke
Reg. No. 43,009

CSCO 71519 US P

UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION FOR

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ALLOWING A PERL APPLICATION TO
COMMUNICATE WITH A DISTRIBUTED OBJECT VIA CORBA

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METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ALLOWING A PERL APPLICATION TO
COMMUNICATE WITH A DISTRIBUTED OBJECT VIA CORBA

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to the field of distributed computing.

- 5 Specifically, the present invention relates to a method and system for allowing a Practical Extraction Report Language (PERL) application to communicate with distributed objects via Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA).

BACKGROUND ART

- 10 It is proving increasingly useful, even virtually necessary for a computer program running on one computer to communicate with program running on another computer. For example, in a web based environment, a program on the client side may communicate with distributed object on the server side to assist the client program in its processing. However, the client program may be written in a 15 different computer language and even running on a different computing platform. Consequently, the client program needs a way to bridge these technical differences to access the program on the server side.

- One conventional way to allow one program to communicate with another is 20 to write a proprietary program. For example, the Practical Extraction Report Language (PERL) may be able to communicate with C++ and with JAVA by writing a proprietary program. However, the proprietary program may not be compliant with an industry standard. Therefore, applications may need to be re-written in order to use the proprietary program.

Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) provides for an industry standard that allows a computer program (e.g., a client program) to communicate with programs (e.g., objects) which are running either on another 5 computer (e.g., a server) or on the same computer. This may be true even if the client computer system and server computer system are running programs written in different languages and running on different computing platforms. However, it is not true that all client programs may communicate with server programs in this fashion. For example, while the Object Management Group (OMG) has defined a 10 specification for CORBA support for C++ and JAVA, the OMG has not provided such a specification for PERL.

Therefore, a need exists for a method and system for allowing a PERL application to communicate with distributed object via CORBA. A further need 15 exists for such a system and method which does not require changes to the server side distributed object code. A still further need exists for such a method and system which is transparent to the client (PERL) applications.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides for a method and system which allow a PERL application to communicate with distributed objects via CORBA. The present invention provides for such a method and system which does not require

- 5 changes to the server side distributed object code. The present invention provides for such a method and system which is transparent to the client (PERL) application. The present invention provides these advantages and others not specifically mentioned above but described in the sections to follow.

- 10 A method and system for allowing a PERL application to communicate with distributed objects is disclosed. One embodiment comprises a method in which first an adapter program receives a request from a PERL application. The PERL request specifies a distributed object with which the PERL application desires to communicate. The adapter program translates the request from the PERL application. For example, the adapter program translates PERL data structures into a format which is compliant with a communication program. Then, the adapter program makes a call to the communication program to access the distributed object via Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA). After the adapter program receives a response from the communication program, the
- 15 adapter translates the response to a form suitable for the PERL application. For example, the adapter program may need to translate a data structure into a PERL compliant form. Additionally, the adapter program may handle exceptions, as PERL may not handle these well. Then, the adapter program passes the response to the PERL application.
- 20

In one embodiment, the adapter program and the PERL application are written in different programming languages. For example, the adapter program is written in C/C++.

5

In still another embodiment, the PERL application is located on a first computer system and the distributed object is located on a second computer system. For example, the second computer system may be a server.

- 10 Yet another embodiment provides for a computer readable medium having stored therein a computer program that when executed by a processor causes a computer system to implement a method for allowing a PERL application to communicate with distributed objects via CORBA.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a block diagram illustrating a client side PC with a PERL application communicating with a server object via Object Request Brokers (ORBs), according to an embodiment of the present invention.

5

Figure 2 is a logical block diagram illustrating the relationship between an adapter program and other software in a client/server environment, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

10 Figure 3 is a logical block diagram illustrating source code and corresponding object code, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

15 Figure 4 is a flowchart illustrating the steps of a process of a PERL application making a call to a distributed object, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 5 is a schematic of a computer system, which may form a platform upon which to practice embodiments of the present invention.

20 Figure 6 is a flowchart illustrating the steps of a process of converting data types so that a PERL application may access a distributed object via CORBA, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

In the following detailed description of the present invention, a system and method for allowing a Practical Extraction Report Language (PERL) application to communicate with distributed objects via Common Object Request Broker

- 5 Architecture (CORBA), numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be recognized by one skilled in the art that the present invention may be practiced without these specific details or with equivalents thereof. In other instances, well known methods, procedures, components, and circuits have not been described in detail
- 10 as not to unnecessarily obscure aspects of the present invention.

NOTATION AND NOMENCLATURE

- Some portions of the detailed descriptions which follow are presented in terms of procedures, steps, logic blocks, processing, and other symbolic representations of operations on data bits that can be performed on computer memory. These descriptions and representations are the means used by those skilled in the data processing arts to most effectively convey the substance of their work to others skilled in the art. A procedure, computer executed step, logic block, process, etc., is here, and generally, conceived to be a self-consistent sequence of steps or instructions leading to a desired result. The steps are those requiring physical manipulations of physical quantities. Usually, though not necessarily, these quantities take the form of electrical or magnetic signals capable of being stored, transferred, combined, compared, and otherwise manipulated in a computer system. It has proven convenient at times, principally for reasons of
- 15
- 20

common usage, to refer to these signals as bits, values, elements, symbols, characters, terms, numbers, or the like.

It should be borne in mind, however, that all of these and similar terms are

- 5 to be associated with the appropriate physical quantities and are merely convenient labels applied to these quantities. Unless specifically stated otherwise as apparent from the following discussions, it is appreciated that throughout the present invention, discussions utilizing terms such as "indexing" or "processing" or "computing" or "translating" or "calculating" or "determining" or "scrolling" or
- 10 "displaying" or "recognizing" or the like, refer to the action and processes of a computer system, or similar electronic computing device, that manipulates and transforms data represented as physical (electronic) quantities within the computer system's registers and memories into other data similarly represented as physical quantities within the computer system memories or registers or other such
- 15 information storage, transmission or display devices.

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ALLOWING A PERL APPLICATION TO
COMMUNICATE WITH DISTRIBUTED OBJECTS VIA CORBA

The present invention provides for a method and system for allowing a

- 20 Practical Extraction Report Language (PERL) application to communicate with distributed objects via Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA). An embodiment provides for an adapter program, which functions as a sort of glue, between software layers on the PERL (client) side of the environment. The adapter program translates between the data structures used in PERL and those

used by the CORBA. Additionally, the adapter program handles other matters, such as handling programming exceptions.

Figure 1 illustrates a PERL application 200 communicating with various

- 5 server objects 208 via Object Request Brokers (ORBs) 204. When the PERL application 200 residing on a host computer system 202 wishes to communicate with an object 208 on a server 206, the PERL application 200 makes a request via the object request broker (ORB) 204. The server 206 may be on a Local Area Network (LAN), Wide Area Network (WAN), an Intranet, the Internet, or the like.
- 10 The request passes through the adapter program 210, which performs the necessary translations for the PERL application 200 to inter-operate with the client ORB 204a. The ORB 204a on the client side (e.g., host computer 202) communicates with the ORB 204b on the server side with messages per the General Inter-ORB Protocol (GIOP). If the server 206 is accessed via the Internet
- 15 or Intranet, then messages are communicated via the Internet Inter-ORB Protocol (IIOP). In another embodiment, the PERL application 200 and the object 208 reside on the same computer system, for example, they both exist on host computer 202.
- 20 The server ORB 204b converts the request into a call on the server object 208 and then returns the results in a GIOP reply to the client ORB 204a. Then, the client ORB 204a converts the reply into a object reply, which the adapter program 210 translates for the PERL application 200. Thus, the adapter program 210 provides translations so that a PERL application 200 may communicate with the
- 25 server object 208. This is a feat which the PERL application 200 would not

normally be able to do because of the lack of a standard specification for CORBA support for PERL. Furthermore, the process is transparent to the PERL application 200, in that no modifications need to be made to the PERL application 200. In the preferred embodiment, the PERL language and the ORB libraries use the same

5 operating system libraries.

Figure 2 illustrates the relationship between an adapter program 210 and other software layers in a client/server environment, according to one embodiment. The client CORBA communication layer 214 communicates with the

10 server CORBA layers communicate 216 via the GIOP. The client CORBA communication layer 214 may comprise a client stub (Figure 3, 314) and an ORB library (not shown). The adapter program 210 and the client CORBA communication layer 214 may be said to comprise an adapter layer 209.

15 By providing PERL to C mappings, PERL external subroutine (XS) provides a good interface to C from PERL. Still referring to Figure 2, the XS generated adapter code 212, written in PERL, takes advantage of this to help build the bridge between PERL and CORBA. The adapter program 210 is written in C/C++, in the preferred embodiment. However, the present invention is not to be limited to

20 writing the adapter program 210 in the C/C++ programming language.

Still referring to Figure 2, the adapter program 210 receives a request from the PERL application 200. The adapter program 210 converts the PERL call to a CORBA request. The adapter program 210 also receives the object reply from, for

25 example, the client CORBA communication layer 214. The adapter program 210

will make whatever changes are necessary to the reply before passing it on to the PERL application 200.

Still referring to Figure 2, no modifications are required on the server side.

- 5 The server object 208 need not be written in C/C++. The server object 208 may be written in, for example, JAVA. The server side may be operable to perform a business action, such as adding a new user or updating a user preference. The present invention does not require modifications to the server side. Additionally, embodiments of the present invention do not require any modifications to the
- 10 PERL application 200.

In one embodiment, the PERL application 200 calls a server 206, which contains data which is spread over many databases. For example, the data may be user preferences or the like. The server 206 contains an ORB 204b that the present embodiment is able to communicate with because of the adapter program 210. In this fashion, the PERL application 200 may update user preferences which may be stored over many different databases, even if the PERL application 200 does not know the physical location of the databases. A server 206 providing access via CORBA to data over many databases is described in

- 20 U.S. patent application serial number _____, filed _____, entitled, "Method and System for a User Profile Repository", by Zoller et.al., attorney docket number CSCO 68341 and assigned to the assignee of the present invention. Said application is hereby incorporated in its entirety by reference.

Referring now to Figure 3, the adapter/client stub 314 is created by the CORBA implementation 308 (e.g., vendor tool) using the Interface Definition Language (IDL) 302. The adapter/client stub 314 is created in the ‘C/C++’ programming language, in the preferred embodiment. However, client stubs 5 314 may be created in languages other than C/C++. The adapter/client stub 314 is compiled with the adapter program 210 to provide the adapter object code 309. When the PERL application 200 runs it may dynamically link to adapter object code 309, the CORBA implementation object code 318, and the adapter PERL module object code 312.

10

Figure 4 is a flowchart illustrating the steps of a process 400 of allowing a PERL application 200 to communicate with a distributed object via CORBA, according to an embodiment of the present invention. In step 405, a PERL application 200 makes a call to communicate with a distributed object 208.

15

In step 410, an adapter program 210 receives the request for the distributed object 208 from the PERL application 200. The request (e.g., call) may be in the C programming language. The data structures in the request will be compliant with the Practical Extraction Report Language.

20

In step 415, the adapter program 210 translates the request (call). For example, data structures may need to be transformed from a PERL 200 compliant format to a client CORBA communication layer 214 compliant format. PERL external subroutine (XS) generated adapter code 212 may be used to provide 25 mappings between PERL and C, thus assisting the translation process. The data

structure format for the client CORBA communication layer 214 will be compliant with the data structures on the server 206. The adapter 210 may be written in C/C++ and may be interfacing with a layer of code (e.g., client CORBA communication layer 214) also written in C/C++. Additionally, the adapter

- 5 program 210 converts the PERL call to a CORBA request.

In step 420, the client CORBA communication layer 214 receives, marshals, and passes the request on, according to standard specification. For example, the client CORBA communication layer 214 communicates with a server CORBA

- 10 communication layer 216 via a GIOP or an IIOP as specified in CORBA. The client CORBA communication layer 214 treats the request it receives like a request received from an application which is compliant with CORBA. A suitable object request broker (ORB) 204 may be used to facilitate this step.

- 15 In step 425, the server CORBA communication layer 216 receives the request (e.g., it receives GIOP or IIOP messages from the client CORBA communication layer 214), un-marshals it, and passes it on the server side, according to standard specification. For example, the server side treats the request (e.g., call or message) as if it had come from a client application for which 20 CORBA support is specified by an industry standard.

In step 426, the server object 208 processes the request and sends a response back to the server CORBA communication layer 216. In step 427, the server CORBA communication layer 216 receives the response, marshals it, and 25 passes it on to the client CORBA communication layer 214. Both of these steps

occur per standard specification. For example, they occur per a standard specified by the Object Management Group (OMG).

In step 430, the client CORBA communication layer 214 receives the

- 5 response and passes it on to the adapter program 210 per standard specification.

In this embodiment, the adapter 210 and the client CORBA communication layer

214 are written in the same programming language (e.g., C/C++).

In step 435, the adapter program 210 receives the response, translates it,

- 10 and passes the response to the PERL application 200. In addition to translation, the adapter program 210 may perform other functions. For example, the programming language used by the adapter program 210 may have provisions for exceptions, whereas PERL 200 may not. Therefore, if an exception occurs, the adapter program 210 will handle the exception and notify the PERL application
15 200 in a suitable fashion.

Figure 6 illustrates the steps of a process 600 of translating a request from a PERL application 200 such that a distributed object 208 may be accessed via CORBA. In step 605, the PERL application 200 calls a adapter program 210,
20 providing a list of requested fields and an empty list in which to store the returned values. In one embodiment, the adapter program 210 comprises a dynamic shared library.

In step 610 the adapter program 210 de-mangles the input and output array references. Next, the adapter program 210 converts the input to a C-style input, in step 615.

- 5 In step 620, the adapter program 210 converts the field list requested by the PERL application 200 into a CORBA equivalent list.

In step 625, the distributed object server is located and a call is made to it with the appropriate parameters.

- 10 When the values are returned from the call to the distributed object 208, the adapter program 210 converts the returned values into a C-style format, in step 630.

- 15 In step 635, the adapter program 210 makes the output array reference point to the C-style format data. In this fashion, the PERL application 200 is able to access the returned data. Then, control is returned to the PERL application 200, in step 640.

- 20 Appendix A contains exemplary psuedocode for a PERL application 200, exemplary psuedocode for a translation performed by the adapter program 210, as well as an exemplary IDL definition to generate a client stub 214.

- Figure 5 illustrates circuitry of host computer system 100, which may form
25 a platform upon which to perform an embodiment of the present invention.

Computer system 100 includes an address/data bus 99 for communicating information, a central processor 101 coupled with the bus for processing information and instructions, a volatile memory 102 (e.g., random access memory RAM) coupled with the bus 99 for storing information and instructions for the central processor 101 and a non-volatile memory 103 (e.g., read only memory ROM) coupled with the bus 99 for storing static information and instructions for the processor 101. Computer system 100 also includes an optional data storage device 104 coupled with the bus 99 for storing information and instructions.

10

Also included in computer system 100 of Figure 5 is an optional alphanumeric input device 106. Device 106 can communicate information and command selections to the central processor 101. For example, customer orders may be entered with device 106, as well as an order to release a credit hold.

15 System 100 also includes an optional cursor control or directing device 107 coupled to the bus 99 for communicating user input information and command selections to the central processor 101. The display device 105 utilized with the computer system 100 may be a liquid crystal device, cathode ray tube (CRT), field emission device (FED, also called flat panel CRT) or other display device suitable

20 for creating graphic images and alphanumeric characters recognizable to the user. Signal communication device 108 is also coupled to bus 99.

25 The preferred embodiment of the present invention, a system and method for allowing a Practical Extraction Report Language (PERL) application to communicate with distributed object via Common Object Request Broker

Architecture (CORBA), is thus described. While the present invention has been described in particular embodiments, it should be appreciated that the present invention should not be construed as limited by such embodiments, but rather construed according to the below claims.

CLAIMS

We claim:

1. A method for allowing communication between a Practical Extraction Report Language (PERL) program and a distributed object, comprising the steps of:
 - 5 a) receiving a request from said PERL program, said request specifying said distributed object;
 - b) translating said request from said PERL program to a format which is suitable for use with a Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA);
 - 10 c) making a call to access said distributed object via the Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA);
 - d) receiving a response from said call in said step c);
 - e) translating said response to a form which is substantially compliant with the Practical Extraction Report Language; and
 - 15 f) passing said translated response from said step e) to said PERL program.
2. The method of Claim 1 wherein said step b) comprises the step of:
 - 20 b1) an adapter program converting a data structure specified by said PERL request into a form which is substantially compliant with a communication program.
3. The method of Claim 2 wherein said communication program comprises a client stub.

4. The method of Claim 1 wherein said step b) comprises the step of:

b1) an adapter program converting said PERL request into a request which is substantially compliant with the Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) format.

5

5. The method of Claim 4 wherein said adapter program is written in a first programming language and said PERL application is written in second programming language, said first and said second programming languages being different.

10

6. The method of Claim 4 wherein said adapter program is substantially compliant with the C programming language.

7. The method of Claim 1 wherein said PERL program is located on a first computer system and said distributed object is located on a second computer system.

8. The method of Claim 1 wherein said step e) comprises the step of:
e1) an adapter program converting a data structure into a form which is substantially compliant with the Practical Extraction Report Language.

9. The method of Claim 1 wherein said step e) comprises the step of:
e1) for a plurality of objects described in an Interface Definition Language (IDL), providing a corresponding plurality of translations in an adapter program,

wherein said adapter program translates between a communication program and said PERL program.

10. The method of Claim 1 further comprising the step of:

5 g) said PERL program accessing user information over a number of databases by connecting to a server via said CORBA.

11. A computer readable medium having stored thereon program instructions for allowing a Practical Extraction Report Language (PERL) program to

10 communicate with a distributed object via Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA), said instructions carrying out a method comprising the steps of:

a) receiving a request from said PERL program, said request specifying said distributed object;

15 b) translating said request from said PERL program to a format which is suitable for use with a Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA);

c) making a call to access said distributed object via the Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA);

d) receiving a response from said call in said step c);

20 e) translating said response to a form which is substantially compliant with the Practical Extraction Report Language; and

f) passing said translated response from said step e) to said PERL program.

12. The computer readable medium of Claim 11 wherein said step b) of said

25 method comprises the step of:

b1) converting said PERL request into a request which is substantially compliant with the Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) format.

13. The computer readable medium of Claim 11 having further stored therein
5 said PERL program; and
wherein said distributed object is located on a remote computer system.

14. The computer readable medium of Claim 11 wherein said program
comprises a client stub.

10
15. The computer readable medium of Claim 14 wherein said step b) of said
method comprises the step of:
b1) converting a data structure into a form which is substantially compliant
with the data structures of said client stub.

15
16. The computer readable medium of Claim 11 having further stored therein
said PERL program and said distributed object.

20
17. The computer readable medium of Claim 11 wherein said step e) of said
method comprises the step of:
e1) converting a data structure into a form which is substantially compliant
with the Practical Extraction Report Language.

18. The computer readable medium of Claim 11 wherein said step e) of said method comprises the step of:

e1) for a plurality of objects described in an Interface Definition Language (IDL), providing a corresponding plurality of translations.

5

19. The computer readable medium of Claim 11 wherein said program comprises a module generated by Practical Extraction Report Language External Subroutine (PERL-XS).

- 10 20. In a computer system, means for providing communication between a Practical Extraction Report Language (PERL) program and a distributed object comprising:
- a) means for translating a call from said PERL program to a format substantially compliant with a Common Object Request Broker Architecture
 - 15 b) (CORBA); and
 - b) means for translating a response from said call to a format substantially compliant with the Practical Extraction Report Language.

21. The means for providing communication of Claim 20 further comprising
20 means to access said distributed object via Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA).

22. The means for providing communication of Claim 20 wherein said means for translating said call from said PERL program comprises:

means for converting a data structure into a form which is substantially compliant with a program which accesses said distributed object via said Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA).

- 5 23. The means for providing communication of Claim 20 wherein said means for translating said call from said PERL program comprises:

means for converting said PERL request into a request which is substantially compliant with the Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) format.

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METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ALLOWING A PERL APPLICATION TO
COMMUNICATE WITH DISTRIBUTED OBJECT VIA CORBA

ABSTRACT

- 5 A method and system for allowing a PERL application to communicate with distributed objects. One embodiment comprises a method in which first an adapter program receives a request from a PERL application. The PERL request specifies a distributed object with which the PERL application desires to communicate. The adapter program translates the request from the PERL
- 10 application. For example, the adapter program translates PERL data structures into a format which is compliant with a communication program. Then, the adapter program calls the communication program to access the distributed object via Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA). After the adapter program receives a response from the communication program, the adapter translates the
- 15 response to a form suitable for the PERL application. For example, the adapter program may need to translate a data structure into a PERL compliant form. Then, the adapter program passes the response to the PERL application.

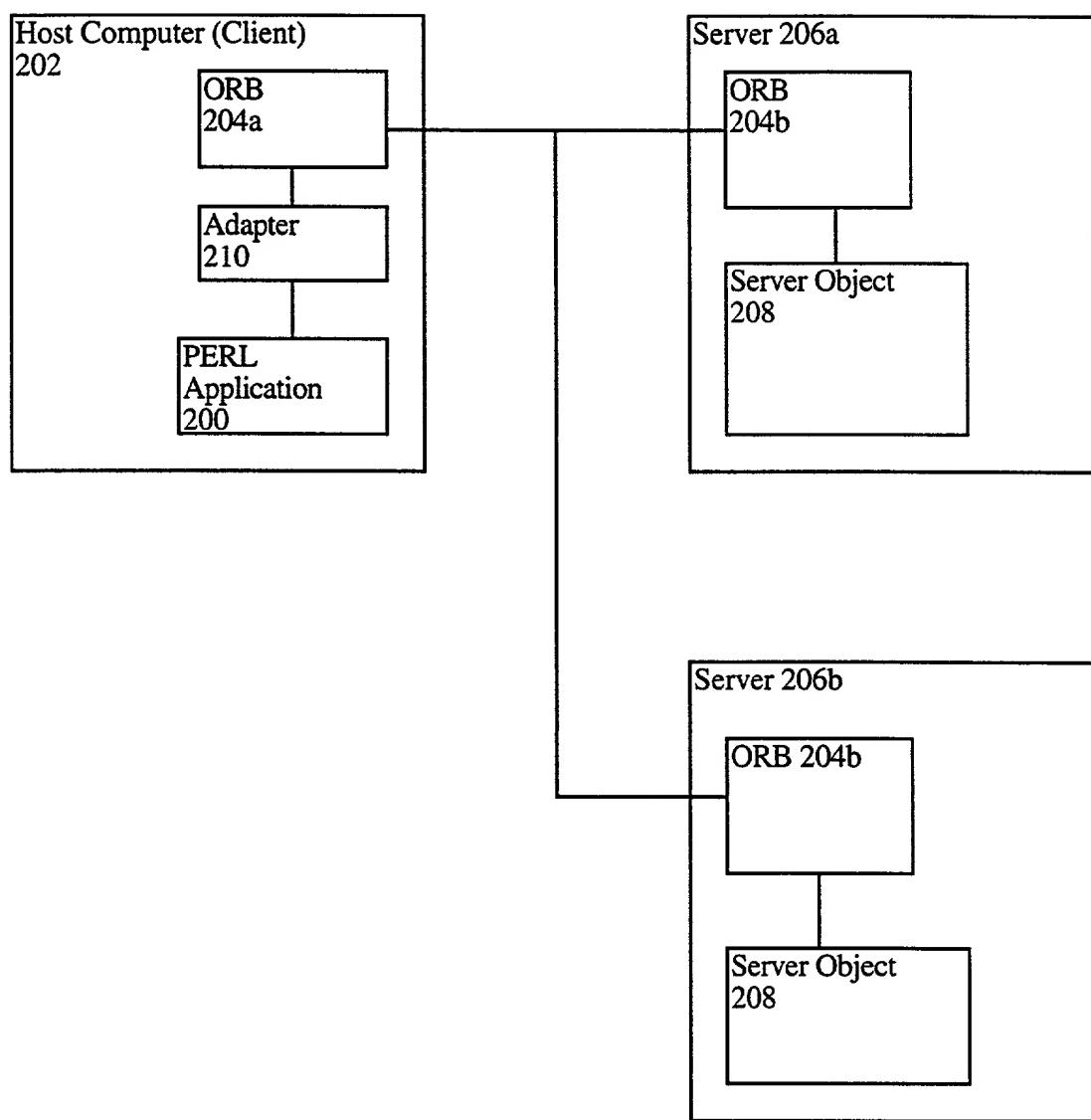


FIGURE 1

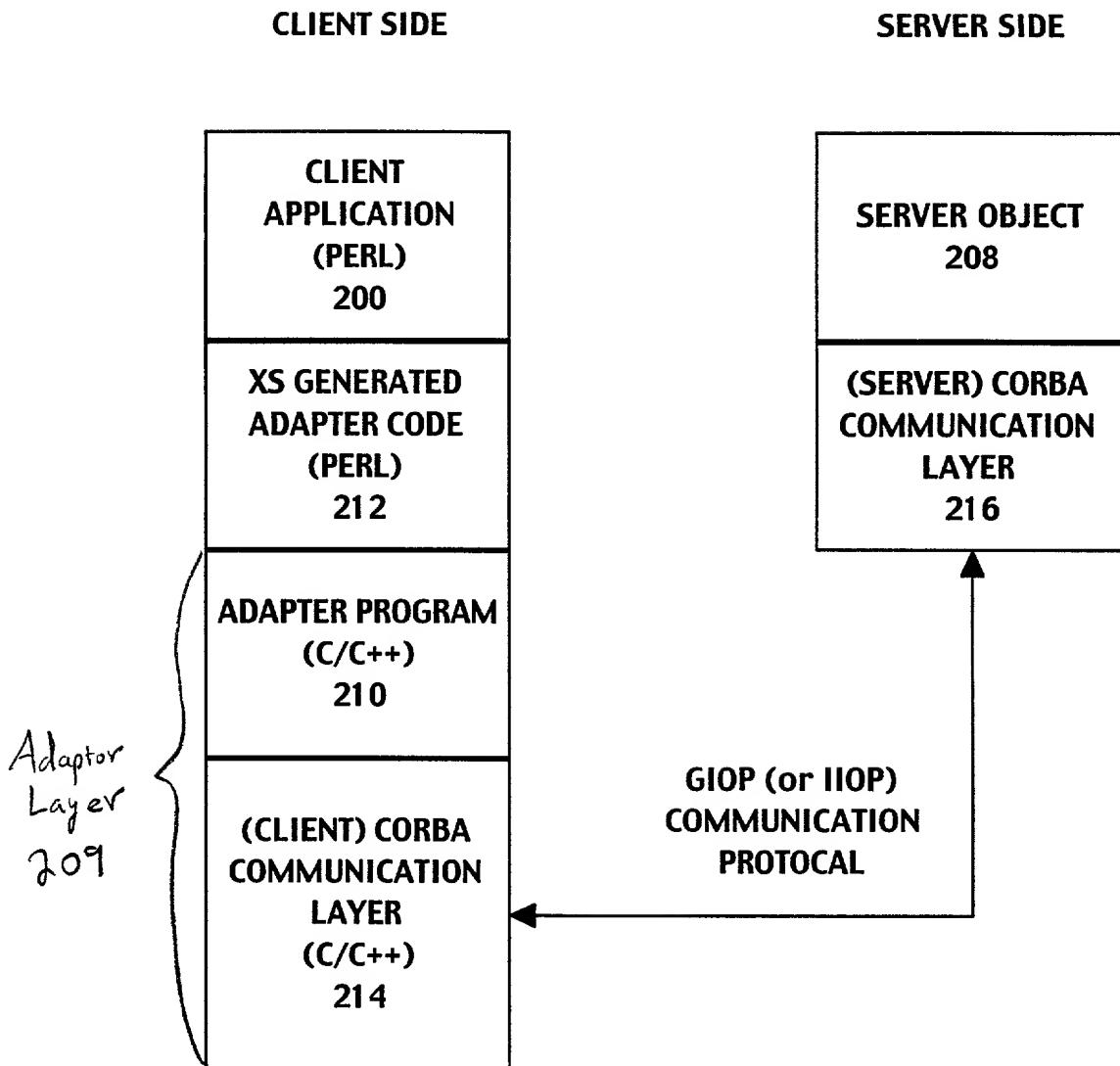


FIGURE 2

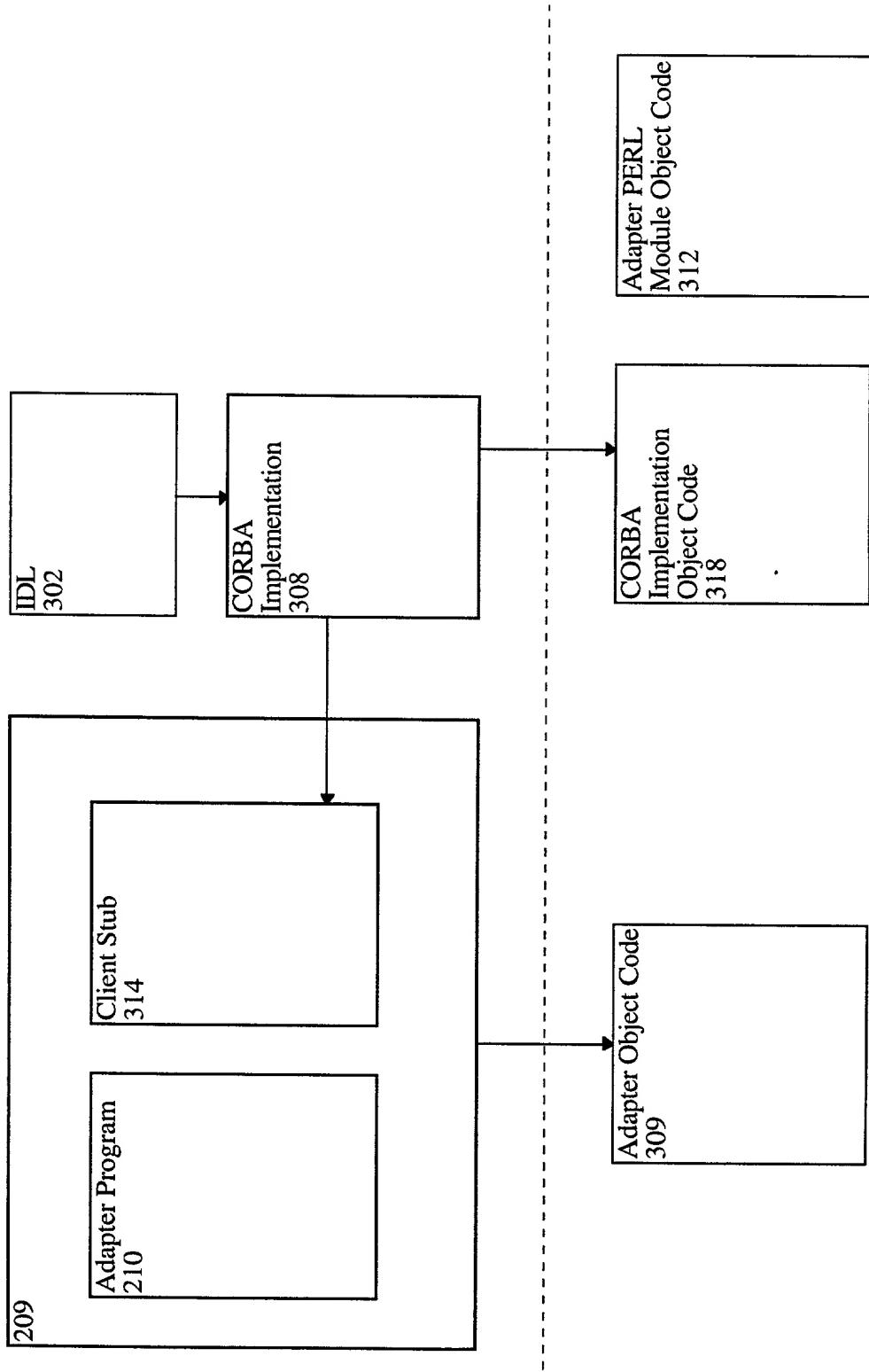
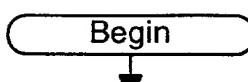


FIGURE 3



400

401
PERL Program Makes a Request for a Distributed Object

405

406
An Adapter Program Receives the Request From the PERL Program

410

411
Adapter Program Translates the Request and Passes it to a Communication Program (e.g., Client Stub)

415

416
Client Stub Receives, Marshals, and Passes on the Request, According to Standard Specification

420

421
Server Skeleton Receives, Un-Marshals, and Passes on the Request to the Object, According to Standard Specification

425

426
Server Object Processes the Request and Sends a Response Back to the Server Skeleton, According to Standard Specification

426

427
Server Skeleton Receives, Marshals, and Passes on the Response to the Client Stub, According to Standard Specification

427

430
Client Stub Receives the Response, Un-Marshals, and Passes it on, According to Standard Specification

430

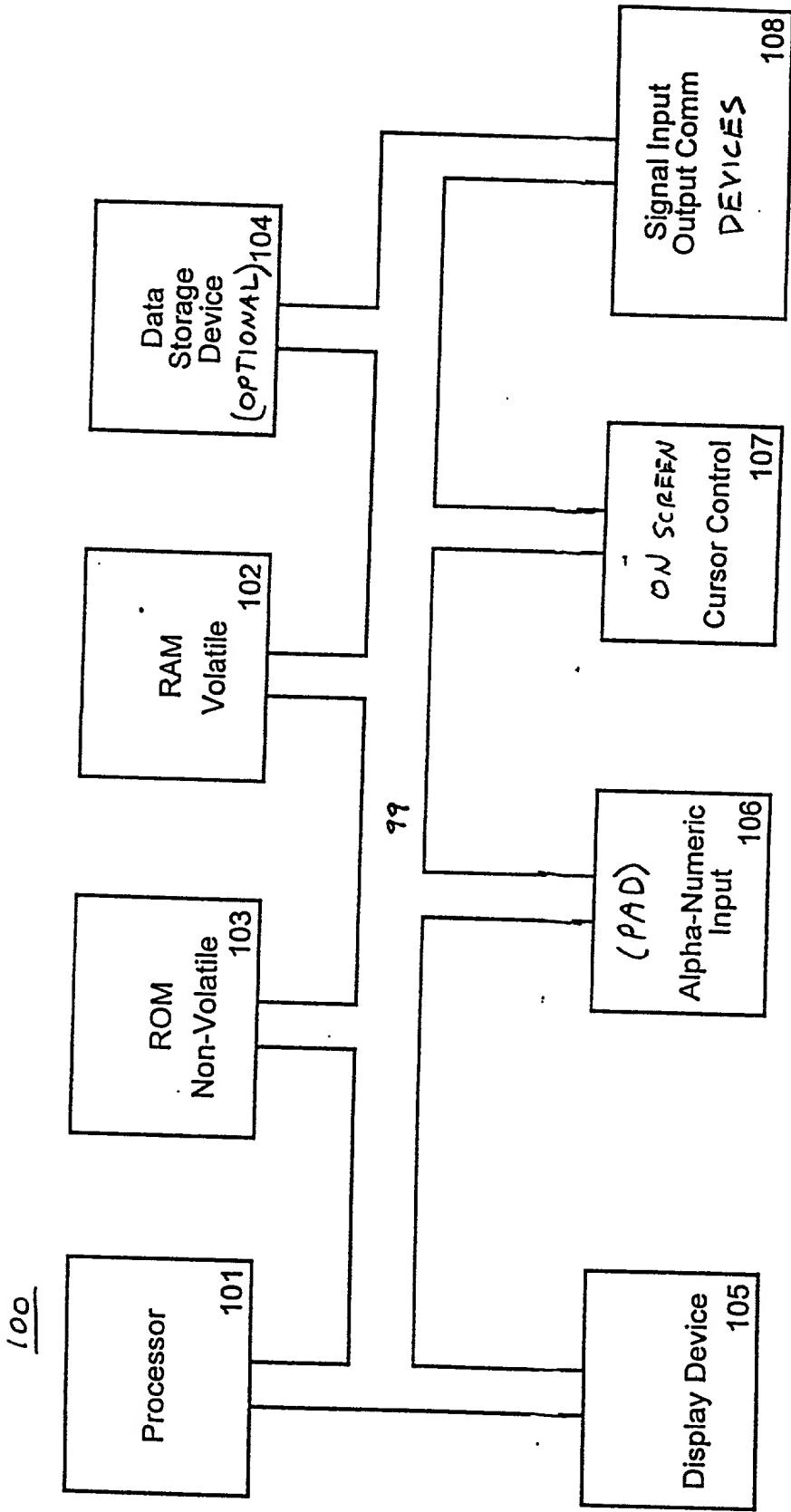
435
Adapter Program Receives the Response from the Client Stub, Translates it for the PERL Program, and Passes the Response to the PERL Program

435

RETURN

FIGURE 4

FIG. 5



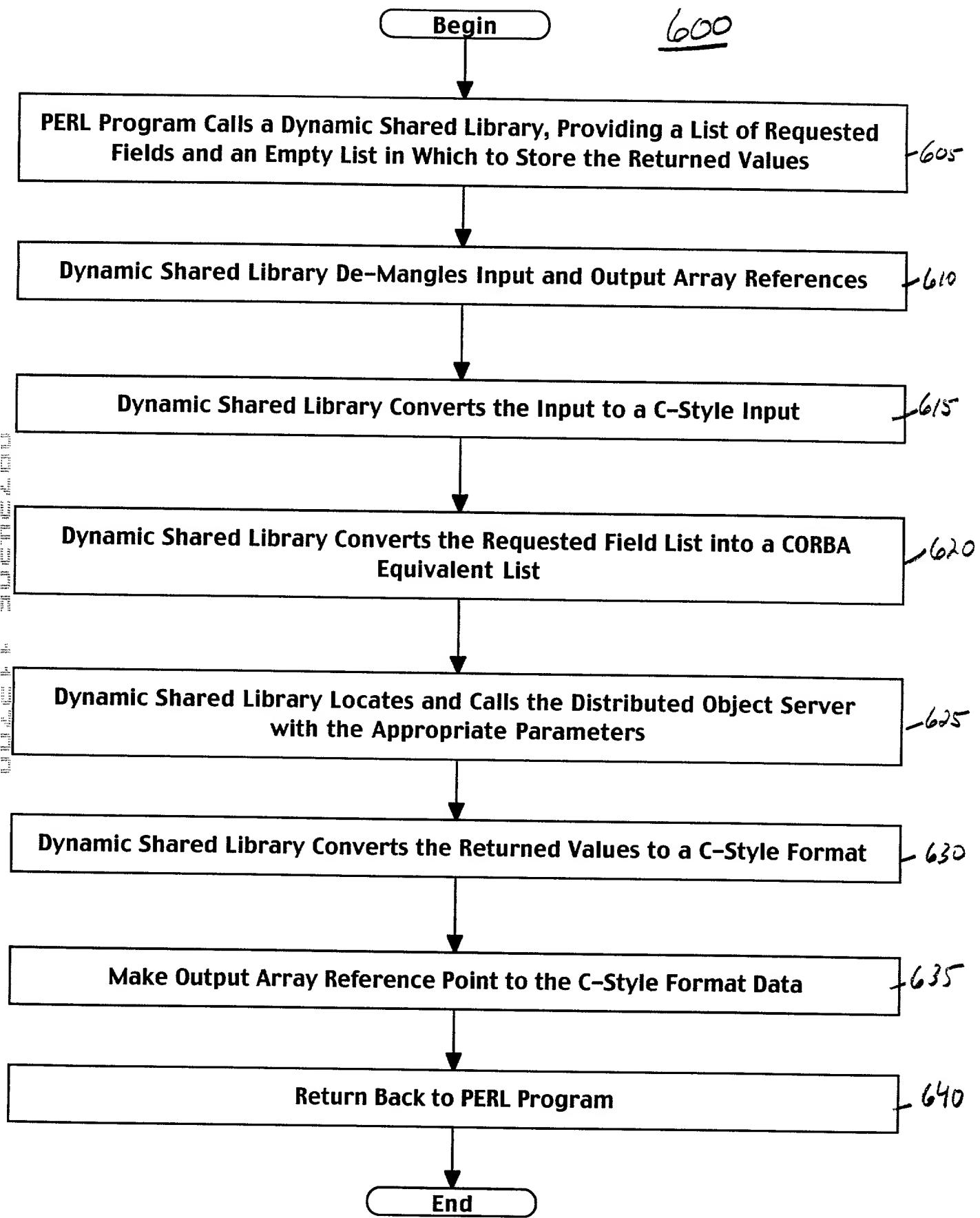


FIGURE 6

Declaration and Power of Attorney for a Patent Application

Declaration

As below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence post office address, and citizenship are as stated below my name. Further, I hereby declare that I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ALLOWING A PERL APPLICATION TO COMMUNICATE WITH A DISTRIBUTED OBJECT VIA CORBA

the specification of which:

is attached hereto, or
..... was filed on as application serial no. : and
..... was amended on

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above; and

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a).

Foreign Priority Claim

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code Section 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Number	Country	Date Filed	Priority Claimed
.....	yes no
.....	yes no

U.S. Priority Claim

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 and 199(e) of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Serial Number	Filing Date	Status (patented/pending/abandoned)
.....
.....

Power of Attorney

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent Trademark Office connected therewith.

James P. Hao	Registration No.: 36,398
Anthony C. Murabito	Registration No.: 35,295
John P. Wagner	Registration No.: 35,398
Glenn D. Barnes	Registration No.: 42,293
Rick G. Brewster	Registration No.: 35,077
Thomas M. Catale	Registration No.: 46,434
Jose S. Garcia	Registration No.: 43,628
Kenneth N. Glass	Registration No.: 42,587
Lin C. Hsu	Registration No.: 46,315
Patrick W. Ma	Registration No.: 44,215
Ronald M. Pomerenke	Registration No.: 43,009
John F. Ryan	Registration No.: 47,050
William A. Zarbis	Registration No.: 46,120
Matthew J. Blecher	Registration No.: 46,558
Lawrence R. Goerke	Registration No.: 45,927

Send Correspondence to:

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Signatures

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Declaration and Power of Attorney for a Patent Application

Declaration

As below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence post office address, and citizenship are as stated below my name. Further, I hereby declare that I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

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Appendix A

```

++++++ Perl Program Start+++++++
5      # Before 'make install' is performed this script should be runnable with
# 'make test'. After 'make install' it should work as 'perl test.pl'

10     ##### We start with some code to print on failure.

15     # Change 1.1 below to 1..last_test_to_print.

20     BEGIN { $1 = 1; print "1..\n"; }
END {print "not ok 1\n" unless $loaded;}

15     ##### This package performs important work. Use h2xs utility to develop
##### this package
##### Look for man pages "perlxst" and "perlxs" for instructions
##### use Mytest2;

20     $loaded = 1;
print "ok 1\n";

25     ##### End of print on failure code

25     #Insert your test code below

30     # This is a list of fields for which values are to be fetched from distributed
# server object
@fields = ( "view1.field1", "view1.field2", "view1.field3" );

30     # This is an empty list in which the values for above mentioned fields will
# be returned
@retfields = ();

35     # One has to call the getValues function provided by Mytest2 package to
# access distributed object
# Mytest2 is a perl module which in turn connects to a dynamic shared
# library which has implemented
# the getValues function

40     $ret = Mytest2::getValues(@fields, @retfields);

45     # print the values of the fields
# instead of printing these fields, they can be used in Perl programs just
# like other data
foreach my $rf ( @retfields ) {
    print "Output: $rf \n"
}
++++++ Perl Program End ++++++

```

```

+Dynamic shared library - - Implementation of getValues function Start +  

int  

5      getValues (in, out)  

SV* in;  

SV* out;  

{  

int reqlen = -1, i, no_ele_ret = 0;  

10     AV* input;  

AV* output;  

SV* strs = SvRV(in); /* de-mangle the input array reference */  

SV*rets = SvRV (out); /* de-mangle the output array reference */  

SV*temp;  

15     char** reqFields = NULL; /* Requested fields reference */  

char** returnFields = NULL; /*Returned fields reference */  

int retval;  

20     if(!SvROK(in)) /* earlier it was "in" */  

    croak ("samir: not a reference SV*");  

if(SvTYPE(strs) != SVt_PVAV )  

    croak ("samir:: not a reference to an array");  

input = (AV*)strs; /* finally got the reference */  

25     if(!SvROK(out)) /* earlier it was */  

    croak ("samir: not a reference SV*");  

if(SvTYPE(strs) != SVt_PVAV )  

    croak ("samir:: not a reference to an array");  

output = (AV*)rets; /* finally got the reference */  

30     /* convert the input to a C style input */  

reqlen = av_len(input) + 1;  

35     reqFields = (char**) malloc (sizeof(char*) *reqlen);  

for (i=0; i <reqlen; i ++ )  

{  

STRLEN stringLength;  

40     SV** stringHandle = av_fetch(input, i, 0 );  

char*stringValue = SvPV("stringHandle, stringLength );  

reqFields[i] = stringValue;  

}  

45     /* At this point we have all the requested field names accessible through  

reqFields reference */  

/* We need to get the returned values from a distributed object and make  

returnFields point to it */

```

```

/* Convert the requested field list into corba equivalent list */

// Initialize the ORB.
CORBA::ORB_ptr orb = CORBA::ORB_init(argc, argv);
5
// Locate the distributed server object
upr::UPR_Record_var svrObj =
upr::UPR_Record::_bind("DistributeServerObjectName");

10
// Call server object with appropriate parameters
// Here the parameters to the getValues functions could be input and /or
// output parameters
(ReturnedValue) = svrObj->getValues("Appropriate params for server object
15
including request fields");

/* Convert the "ReturnedValue" list into a format that could be accessed
using returnFields reference */

20
return retval; // return the appropriate value as expected
}

++ Dynamic shared library - - Implementation of getValues function End ++

25
++++++ Sample CORBA IDL Definition Start ++++++
module upr
{
    typedef sequence <string> string_list;
30
    interface UPR_Record
    {
        // General Get/Set API (Strings/Lists)
        string_list getValues(
            in string appName,
            in string_list fieldNames );
    };
40
    };
45
// *****
// Use this IDL definition to generate the client stubs for above program to
// use.
// Any CORBA implementation vendor's software can be used to do this.
// *****

++++++ Sample CORBA IDL Definition End ++++++

```